BUREAU OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS AND SERVICES

BUSINESS, CONSUMER SERVICES AND HOUSING AGENCY • GAVIN NEWSOM, GOVERNOR
DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS • BUREAU OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS AND SERVICES
4244 South Market Court, Suite D, Sacramento, CA 95834
P (916) 999-2041 | F (916) 921-7279 | Web: https://bhgs.dca.ca.gov

November 16, 2026

Industry Advisory

Textile Fiberglass Ban - Juvenile Products, Mattresses, and Upholstered Furniture Effective January 1, 2027

Effective January 1, 2027, California Assembly Bill 1059 (AB 1059, Friedman 2023) prohibits the manufacture, sale, and distribution of certain products, and the use in repair and reupholstery of components, that contain "textile fiberglass."

What Is Textile Fiberglass?

As defined in BPC § 19101.5, "textile fiberglass" means textile yarns whose composition includes one or more continuous glass filaments in a form suitable for knitting, weaving, or otherwise intertwining to form a textile fabric, but excludes the following:

- Thread or fiber when used for stitching mattress components together.
- Yarns in which the glass filaments are corespun or sheathed by another fiber.

Bill Requirements – On and after January 1, 2027

A person, including, but not limited to, a manufacturer, retailer, importer, or online seller, shall not manufacture, sell, offer, or distribute in commerce in California any new, not previously owned juvenile product, mattress, or upholstered furniture that contains or has a constituent component that contains textile fiberglass.

A custom upholsterer shall not repair, reupholster, recover, restore, or renew any mattress, juvenile product, upholstered furniture, or reupholstered furniture using a replacement component that contains or has a constituent component that contains textile fiberglass.

Enforcement Action

The California Bureau of Household Goods and Services (Bureau) will continue to conduct random sampling of upholstered furniture and bedding products, as well as investigate incoming complaints regarding the products covered by AB 1059. The Bureau's laboratory will conduct chemical analysis on all layers of the products, including cover fabrics. Any layers found to contain fiberglass may result in enforcement action and fine(s).